



Speaking Points

- Teaching and Leading from a position of strength
- Strategic Plan
- Literacy Across the Curriculum
- Collaboration, Innovation, Celebration
- Communication
- PLCs/Resiliency/Mindfulness
- Searches

Welcome New Faculty!



Elementary Schools



- **Belmont Hills**
 - Kate Gomes, Special Education
 - Kris Hoffner, Special Education
 - Kimberly Phillips, 4th Grade
- **Cynwyd Elementary** 
 - William Armideo, 3rd Grade
 - Gina Felice, Kindergarten
 - Madeline Kessler, Reading Specialist
 - Jaclyn Litwa, Challenge
 - Matthew Miller, Special Education
- **Gladwyne Elementary** 
 - Kristin Maron, Special Education
 - Riva Rothenberger, Kindergarten
 - Marisa Santangelo, 2nd Grade
- **Merion Elementary**
 - Mikael Mara, FLES
 - Abigail Oppenheim, 4th Grade
 - Jessica Segal, Special Education
 - Nicole Wiggins, Kindergarten
- **Penn Valley Elementary** 
 - Jessica Bontempo, 3rd Grade
 - Andrew Davis, 4th Grade
 - Eric Dolbeck, 2nd Grade
 - Thomas Gard, Librarian
 - Ann Kunz, 1st Grade
 - Jamie Sandler, 1st Grade
 - Emily Zoltowski, 3rd Grade
- **Penn Wynne Elementary** 
 - Rachel Bagell, Speech Therapist
 - Brittany Caprice, Special Education
 - Joanna D'Orazio, Special Education
 - Joseph Miller, Special Education
 - Katelyn Oliver, 1st Grade



Middle Schools



Welsh Valley Middle School

Karen Flocco, Special Education
 Katelyn Jaxheimer, Math
 Joanna Marsala, Spanish/ESL
 Jamie Nemec, 6th Grade
 Mary Elizabeth Peterson, Social Studies
 Justin Royer, Special Education
 James Scott, Challenge



Bala Cynwyd Middle School

Ryan Achuff, Special Education
 David Lloyd, Social Studies
 Timothy Kaufman, 6th Grade
 Michelle Moser, Family & Consumer Science
 Laura Norris, Music (*not pictured*)



High Schools

Harrington High School

Christina Armstrong, Special Education (*not pictured*)
 Julia Brown, Spanish
 Kimberly Contegiacomo, School Counselor
 Honora Jackson, Art
 Kathleen McNulty, School Nurse
 Nicole Novack, Spanish/FLES
 Patrick Snyder, Special Education



Lower Merion High School

Anne Davis, School Counselor
 Kristine Fagerman, Math (*not pictured*)
 Aimee Ferguson, English
 Ian Haines, Special Education
 Bryan Scopelliti, Special Education
 Mikell Nigro, Special Education
 Alexander Patt, Chemistry (*not pictured*)
 Summer Perez, Physics (*not pictured*)
 Jason Stroup, Special Education
 Benjamin Walsh, Art



Building Administration Staff



Robin Klaiber
Assistant Principal
Penn Valley Elementary School

Karen DeFranco
Interim Assistant Principal
Lower Merion High School



Michael Johnson
Assistant Principal
Harriton High School

Central Office Staff

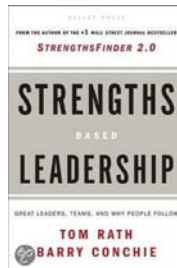


Marcie Hockfield
Interim Director of
Secondary Education

**EDUCATORS LEADING
FROM A POSITION OF
STRENGTH NOT
DEFICIT**



Teaching and Leading from a Position of Strength



“If you are able to help the people you lead focus on their strengths, it will dramatically, boost engagement levels through your organization.”

“If you focus on people’s weakness, they lose confidence.” At a very basic level, it is hard for us to build self-confidence when we are focused on our weakness instead of our strengths.”

“People who are aware of their strength and build self-confidence at a young age may reap a “cumulative advantage” that continues to grow over a life time.”

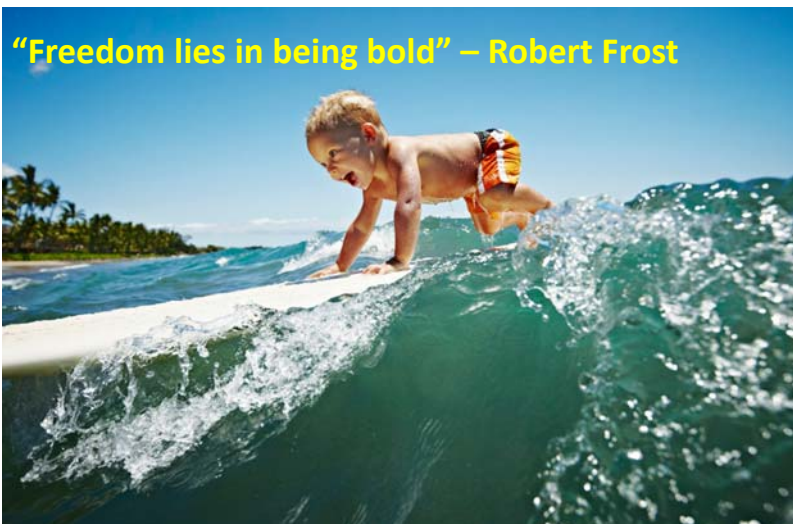
Danger of a Single Story

“The single story creates stereotypes, and the problem with stereotypes is not that they are untrue, but that they are incomplete. They make one story become the only story.”

Chimamanda Ngozi Adichie

Overview of the Process to Date

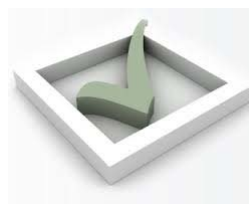
- 4,000 Surveys Completed: teachers, students, alumni, parents
- 3 Community Forums
- 17 Focus Groups
- 3 meetings with Board members/Insyte
- 69 members on Steering Committee—faculty, students, parents, Administrators, Board
- 3 immersions experiences in LMSD schools
- 3 full-day meetings (May) among Steering Committee
- 8 Learning Journeys
- Agreement on 5 Bold Statements among full Steering Committee
- 3 meetings of the Writing Team over the summer



Strategic Plan

- Redefining SUCCESS
- Revolutionary CURRICULUM
- Commitment to PROFESSIONAL LEARNING
- STUDENT-DRIVEN Schools
- Spirit of COMMUNITY

Compliance



Strategic

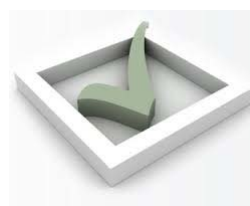


Three Strategic Plans

1. Comprehensive Plan (PDE)

- Computerized checking of boxes

Compliance



2. Strategic Plan (for use internally and with Steering Committee)

- Letter from superintendent
- Historical framing
- Advantages and challenges
- LMSD in 2020
- Mission, vision and values
- Bold statements, narrative description, strategies and metrics
- Process and participants

3. Designed Plan (Community, Faculty)

- "View book"
- One pagers for various audiences



Sequencing of Review & Implementation

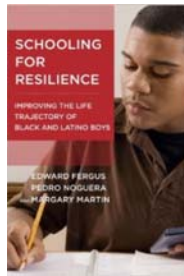
Formal Review Period	Calendar Year 2014 Focus	Calendar Year 2015 Focus
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Sept. 15th – Education Board Meeting •Oct. 13th – Educational Board Meeting •Oct 20th – Public Display for 28 days •Nov. 17th – Business Board Meeting (Board approval) •Nov. 30th – Plan is Submitted to PDE 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Communicate the plan 2. Dialogue & discussion with faculty, students and community 3. Learning Journeys for teachers in particular 4. “Prepare the soil” by removing systemic barriers (Leadership) 5. Identify critical milestones 6. Identify promising prototypes 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Launch prototypes with impact at the level of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The District • Buildings • Class rooms • The community 2. Implementation planning

Leadership Attention (now through 2015)

1. Remove barriers in the approval process to implementing teacher innovations
2. Fiscal readiness
3. Legal issues
4. Collective bargaining
5. Plan for enrollment growth
6. Technology

Core Conversations

- **Equity, Access and Opportunity**



“A protective mechanism that modifies an individual’s response to risk (Wolin & Wolin) or as adjustment despite negative life events” (Ruter)

Students “who have a set of personality characteristics, dispositions and beliefs that promote their academic success regardless of their background or current circumstances” (McMillian & Reed)

In the presence of significant **ADVERSITY**
Resilience is understood to be both the capacity of individuals
 to **NAVIGATE** their way to the
 psychological, social, cultural and physical resources
 that sustain their well-being
 & their capacity to individually and collectively **Negotiate**
 for these resources to be provided and experienced
 in culturally **MEANINGFUL** ways



“The ability to persist when confronted with adversity, the ability to seek help when needed, the ability to maintain a positive outlook and the ability to defer gratification when pursuing long term goals” (APA, 2008)

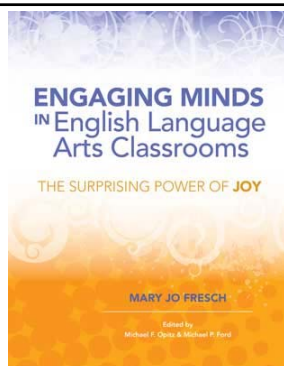
“Resilience is a dynamic, multi-dimensional construct that incorporates the bidirectional interaction between individuals and their environment within contexts (family, peer, school and community, society)” (APA, 2008, Coard, Gregory, et.al)

Literacy Across The Curriculum

- ***The questions that could be used to frame the year:***

- What does it mean to be a reader and writer within your discipline?
- How do/can teachers provide a variety of opportunities for students to be readers and writers?
- How do/can teachers enhance their teaching of discipline-specific content through instruction of related reading and writing skills?

"Students read and write in a variety of ways for a variety of purposes in every subject area."



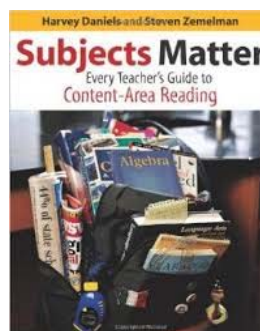
"Everything we do in life is touched by language, so whether it's delivering it or receiving it, we all must be proficient language users if we are to succeed."

"Language arts does not take place in a vacuum; we must take into account and plan for the social nature of literacy. "

"To show this interconnectivity, we must teach language arts in a way that shows how they are interconnected in our literate lives."

"We've got to start where we are. And making reading a more meaningful, more effective, and more long-lasting learning experiences is something that we teachers can start tackling today. In our own classrooms."

"We want to make sure your students possess the cognitive strategies they need to understand the core written information in your field – and that you, the teacher, have a repertoire of tools and structures to make this happen."



COLLABORATION/INNOVATION Beliefs



Collaboration

- There is a sense of “me” and “we”
- Requires building knowledge and consensus
- Seeks understanding rather than being understood
- Seeking alternative perspectives
- Inquiry
 - Learning vs. evaluating
 - Questions that push and pull our thinking
- Trust – be vulnerable
- Not judgment or blame



Innovation

- Requires taking risk
- Requires a shift in thinking and doing
- Acceptance of failure as opportunity and feedback
- Challenge assumptions and dispositions
- All ideas are possible agents of change
- Challenging tradition - look for opportunities
- Requires asset thinking and not a deficit understanding

CELEBRATION

- Inspiration as well as celebration
- Celebration of success (Big and Small)
- Celebrate growth

Celebrate





FROM TYPE X TO TYPE I

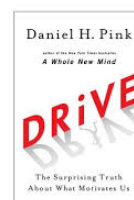
"The ultimate freedom for creative groups is the freedom to experiment with new ideas. Some skeptics insist that innovation is expensive. In the long run innovation is cheap. Mediocrity is expensive-and autonomy can be the antidote" (Tom Kelly, IDEO)

"The desire to do something because you find it deeply satisfying and personally challenging inspires the highest level of creativity, whether it's in the arts, sciences, or business." - (Teresa Amabile, Professor, Harvard U.)

"the single greatest motivator is "making progress in one's work". The day that people make progress are the days they feel most motivated and engaged. By creating conditions for people to make progress, shining a light on that progress, recognizing and celebrating progress, organizations can help their own cause and enrich people's lives."

(Teresa Amabile, Professor, Harvard U.)

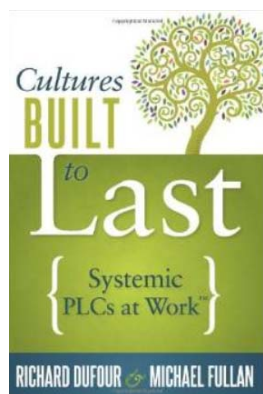
"Control leads to compliance; autonomy leads to engagement."



Core Conversations

Professional Learning Communities

"The key to improved learning for students is a commitment to the ongoing-job embedded learning of the adults who serve those students." Richard DuFour



PLC

“Professional learning communities engage in inquiry regarding their own effectiveness: they challenge the status quo; they generate collective responses to students who aren’t learning; and ultimately, they transform their understanding of education and their capacity as teachers who impact learning.” (Erkens, 2008)

PLCs

- 1. What is it we want students to learn?**
 - What knowledge, skills, and dispositions do we expect them to acquire as a result of this course, this grade level and this unit of direction?
- 2. How will we know if our students are learning?**
 - How will we know if each student is learning each of those skills concepts and dispositions we have deemed most essential?
- 3. How will we respond when students don’t learn?**
 - What process will we put in place to ensure that students receive additional time and support for learning in a way that is timely, precise, diagnostic, directive and systematic?
- 4. How will we respond when students have learned?**
 - What process will we put in place to enrich and extend learning for those who are already proficient? (DuFour & Fullan, 2013)

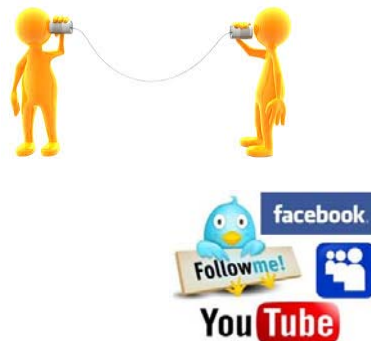
Leadership

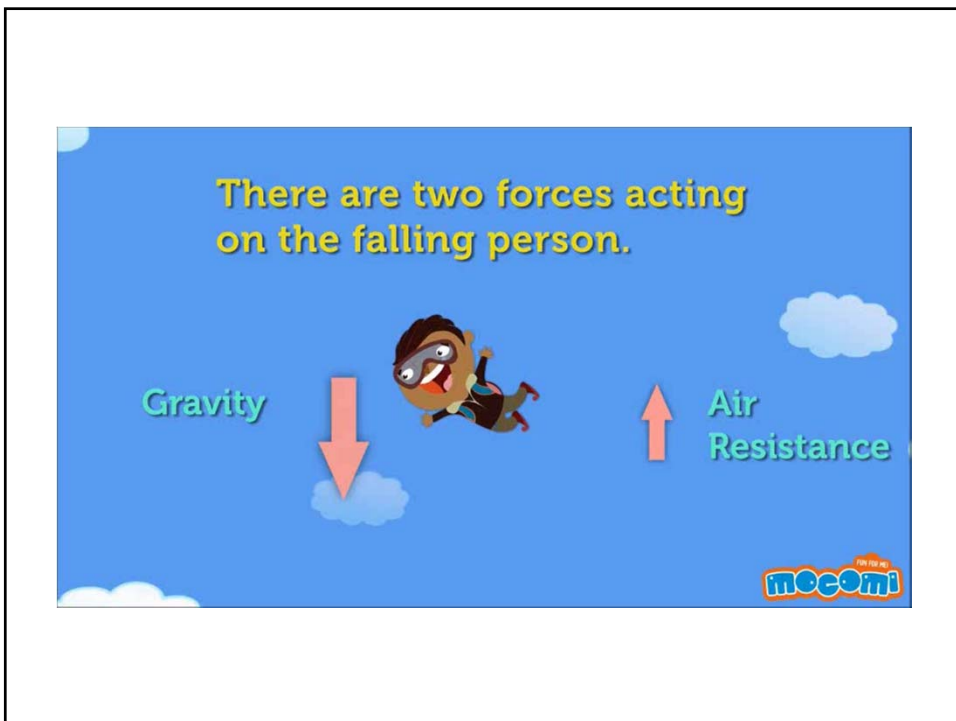
“School leadership needs to be a broad concept that is separated from person, role and a discrete set of individual behaviors. It needs to be embedded in the school community as a whole. Such a broadening of the concept of leadership suggests shared responsibility for a shared purpose of community.” (Lambert, 1998)

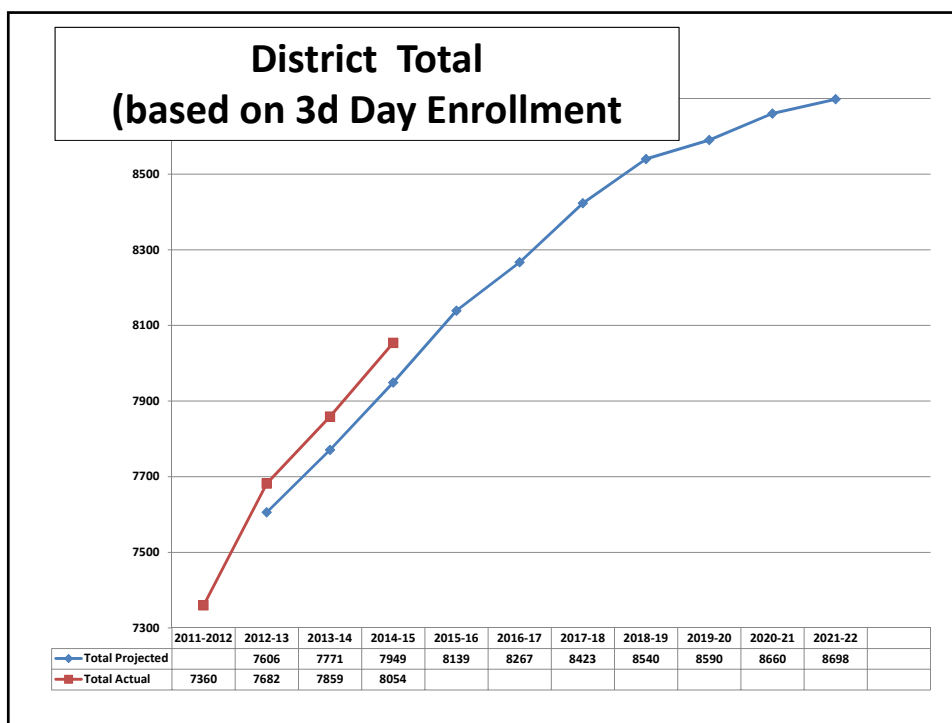
“No single individual can develop the improvement process, communicate the process adequately to large numbers of people, discover and remove obstacles, identify the specific support individuals will need to succeed in the initiative, anchor the process in the organization’s structure and create the small wins necessary to sustain the process.” (DuFour & Fullan, 2013)

Communication

- How are we effectively communicating with each other and our teams?
 - Teachers
 - Parents
 - Students
 - Community Members
 - Administrators
 - Supervisors
- Leveraging technology to enhance efficiency



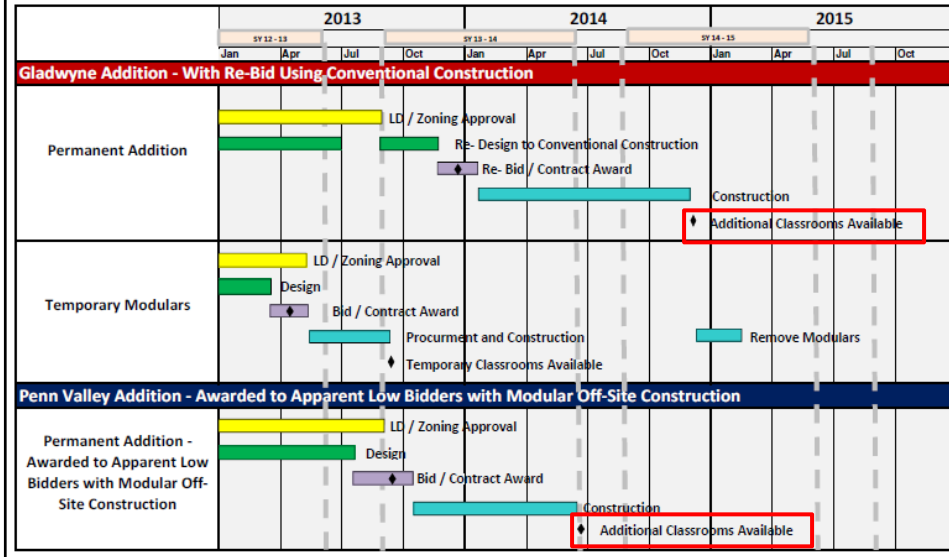




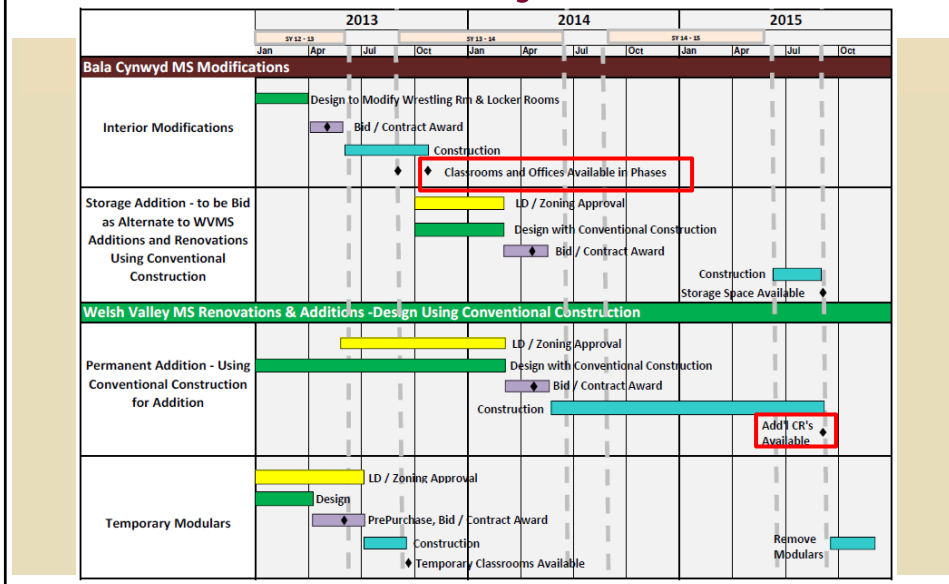
Expansion Due to Enrollment Growth

- In 2013, the Board approved four-classroom additions at both Penn Valley and Gladwyne elementary schools.
- A 12-classroom addition at Welsh Valley Middle School.
- Expansion of classroom and storage space at Bala Cynwyd Middle School.
 - *These projects will be completed prior to the 2015-16 school year.*
- Re-purpose empty classrooms in the District Administration Building
 - *Renovations will be completed prior to the start of the 2017-18 school year.*

Schedule for Elementary School Projects



Schedule for Middle School Projects



Positions

- Superintendent
 - Planning Phase
 - Recruitment Phase
 - Effective July 1st 2015
- Assistant to the Superintendent
 - Currently Interviewing candidates
- Director of Student Services
 - Interviewed candidates
- Director of Special Education
 - Interviews pending

Core Conversations

- Act 82 / Danielson Framework

SELF-ASSESSMENT Form



Teacher Name: School: Subject: Date:

Evidence: This is an opportunity for the professional to reflect on their practice and cite key evidence to support their self-assessment.

Domain 1: Planning and Preparation

Component	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
1a Demonstrating Knowledge of Content and Pedagogy	<p>In planning and practice, teacher makes content errors or does not correct errors made by students.</p> <p>Teacher plans and practice display little understanding of prerequisite relationships important to students' learning of the content.</p> <p>Teacher displays little or no understanding of the range of pedagogical approaches suitable to students' learning of the content.</p>	<p>Teacher is familiar with the important concepts in the discipline but displays lack of awareness of how these concepts relate to one another.</p> <p>Teacher plans and practice indicate some awareness of prerequisite relationships although such knowledge may be inaccurate or incomplete.</p> <p>Teacher plans and practice reflect a limited range of pedagogical approaches to the discipline on the students.</p>	<p>Teacher displays solid knowledge of the important concepts in the discipline and the ways they relate to one another.</p> <p>Teacher plans and practice reflect accurate understanding of prerequisite relationships among topics and concepts.</p> <p>Teacher plans and practice reflect familiarity with a wide range of effective pedagogical approaches in the discipline.</p>	<p>Teacher displays extensive knowledge of the important concepts in the discipline and the ways they relate both to one another and to other disciplines.</p> <p>Teacher plans and practice reflect understanding of prerequisite relationships among topics and concepts and provides a rich necessary cognitive structures needed by students to ensure understanding.</p>
Component	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
1b Demonstrating Knowledge of Students	<p>Teacher demonstrates little or no understanding of how students learn and the knowledge of student backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs and does not seek such understanding.</p>	<p>Teacher indicates the importance of understanding how students learn and the student's backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs, and attends this knowledge about the class as a whole.</p>	<p>Teacher understands the active nature of student learning and attends information about levels of development for groups of students.</p> <p>The teacher also purposefully seeks knowledge from several sources of student background, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs and relates this knowledge about groups of students.</p>	<p>Teacher actively seeks knowledge of student's levels of development and their backgrounds, cultures, skills, language proficiency, interests, and special needs from a variety of sources.</p> <p>This information is acquired for individual students.</p>
Component	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished
1c Setting Instructional Outcomes	<p>Outcomes represent low expectations for students and lack of rigor, and not all of them reflect important learning in the discipline.</p> <p>Outcomes are stated as activities rather than as student learning.</p> <p>Outcomes reflect only one type of learning and only one discipline or strand and are suitable for only some students.</p>	<p>Outcomes represent moderate high expectations and rigor.</p> <p>Some reflect important learning in the discipline and consist of a combination of outcomes and activities.</p> <p>Outcomes reflect several types of learning, but teacher has made no attempt at coordination or integration.</p> <p>Use of the outcomes are suitable for most of the students in the class in accordance with given assessments of student learning.</p>	<p>Most outcomes represent rigorous and important learning in the discipline.</p> <p>All the instructional outcomes are clear, are written in the form of student learning, and suggest viable methods of assessment.</p> <p>Outcomes reflect several different types of learning and opportunities for coordination and integration.</p> <p>Outcomes take into account the varying needs of groups of students.</p>	<p>All outcomes represent rigorous and important learning in the discipline.</p> <p>The outcomes are clear, are written in the form of student learning, and permit viable methods of assessment.</p> <p>Outcomes reflect several different types of learning and, where appropriate, represent opportunities for both coordination and integration.</p> <p>Outcomes take into account the varying needs of individual students.</p>

Literacy K-12

- Incorporate content Literacy in professional learning opportunities
- Use the curriculum maps that incorporate PA core standards for reading and writing
- Continue to develop a shared philosophy and practice around writing instruction based on National Writing Project Standards
- Implement grades 6-12 Writing program

STEM K-12

- Continue focus on PA Core Standards in mathematical practices
- Establish additional K-12 STEM partnerships
- Provide professional learning opportunities for teachers K-12 on PA core math standards as well as best practices in math and science
- Reach out to parents and community in an effort to better understand and embrace STEM initiatives
- Continue to promote culturally proficient teaching strategies to engage all learners in math and science
- Review 6-12 math sequence

Equity Access & Opportunity

- Continue to support and promote positive self image, resiliency, scholarly identity and sense of community for students of color
- Revise, update and implement cultural proficiency action plans in each building
- Ensure family and community communication
- Create a District Cultural Proficiency Handbook
- Reduce the single story through culturally proficient practices and lesson development

Holistic Supports

Continue to enrich and update the following areas:

- Responsive Classroom in the elementary schools
- Second Step in the elementary schools
- Olweus Anti-Bullying Program in the middle schools
- Preparation for Olweus Anti-Bullying Program at the high school level for the 2015-2016 school year
- Mental Health Counseling Support
- Advisory
- G.A.T.E
- All 10 Schools are No Place For Hate certified
- Welcoming Schools programing

K-12 Technology Integration

- Continue iPad support in Kindergarten
- Implement iPad implementation in grade 1
- Google Drive training and implementation in grade 5
- Continue Tech Tutor program for elementary teachers
- Continue “Flipped Classroom” model professional learning to maximize student learning in the classroom (Grades 6-12)
- Continue Discovery Education resources for students and teachers to support PA Core Standards (K-12)
- Pilot Blackboard learning platform K-12
- Implement Chromebook technology in middle schools for use with History Alive and other applications

K-12 Gifted Education

- Universal screening in first grade
- Increase collaboration between classroom and gifted education teachers about curriculum, instruction, and assessment
- Have workshop series for parents on enhancing habits of mind
- Expand curriculum resources for students
- Continue Leadership Summit in October sponsored by Pennsylvania Association for the Gifted (PAGE) and the Center for Educational Leadership at the University of Pennsylvania
- Continue annual conference in November sponsored by the National Association for Gifted Children (NAGC)
- Continue annual conference in April sponsored by PAGE

K-12 Student Services

- Professional learning regarding the continuing implementation of specially designed instruction (SDI) for students who have individualized education plans (IEP) and accommodations for students who have 504 service agreements.
- Alignment of the special education plan to the strategic plan
- Support for administrators, teachers, and families with addressing the impact of new PA graduation requirements (i.e. proficiency on Keystone Exams)
- Increasing emotional and autistic support to meet the needs of our increasing student population.